

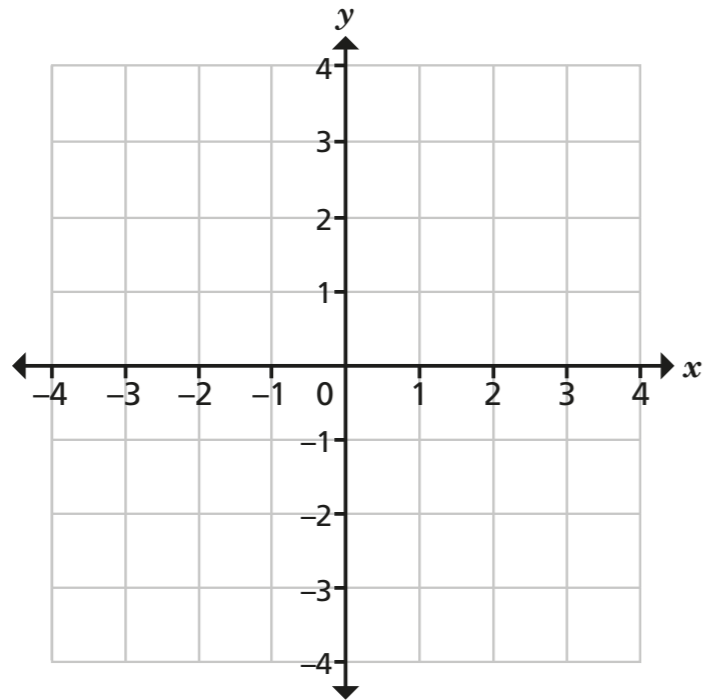
Lines parallel to the axis, $y = x$ and $y = -x$



1 Here is a blank coordinate grid.

a) Plot these points and draw lines to join them.

$(2, -3), (0, -3), (-1, -3), (-3.5, -3)$



b) Complete the sentences.

All of the y -coordinates are

They join to make the line $y =$

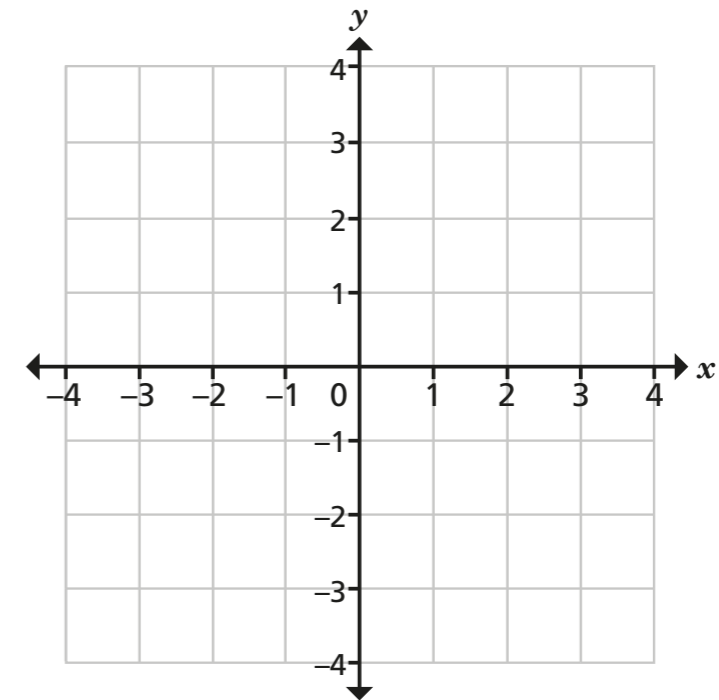
c) Write the coordinates of three points that lie on the line $y = 8$

(,) (,) (,)

2 Which of these lines are parallel to the x -axis? Tick your answers.

$x = 0$ $6 = y$ $6y = 2$ $3y + 8 = 0$

3 Here is a blank coordinate grid.



a) Draw the line $x = 2$ on the grid.

b) Write the coordinates of three points that lie on your line.

How do these tell you that your line is correct?

c) Write the coordinates of a point on the line $x = 2$ that you cannot see on the grid. (,)

d) Draw the line $y = 1$ on the same grid.

e) Write the coordinates of the point where the lines $x = 2$ and $y = 1$ intersect. (,)

4 The point $(-5, 9)$ lies on which of these lines? Tick your answers.

$y = -5$ $x = -5$ $x = 9$ $y = 9$

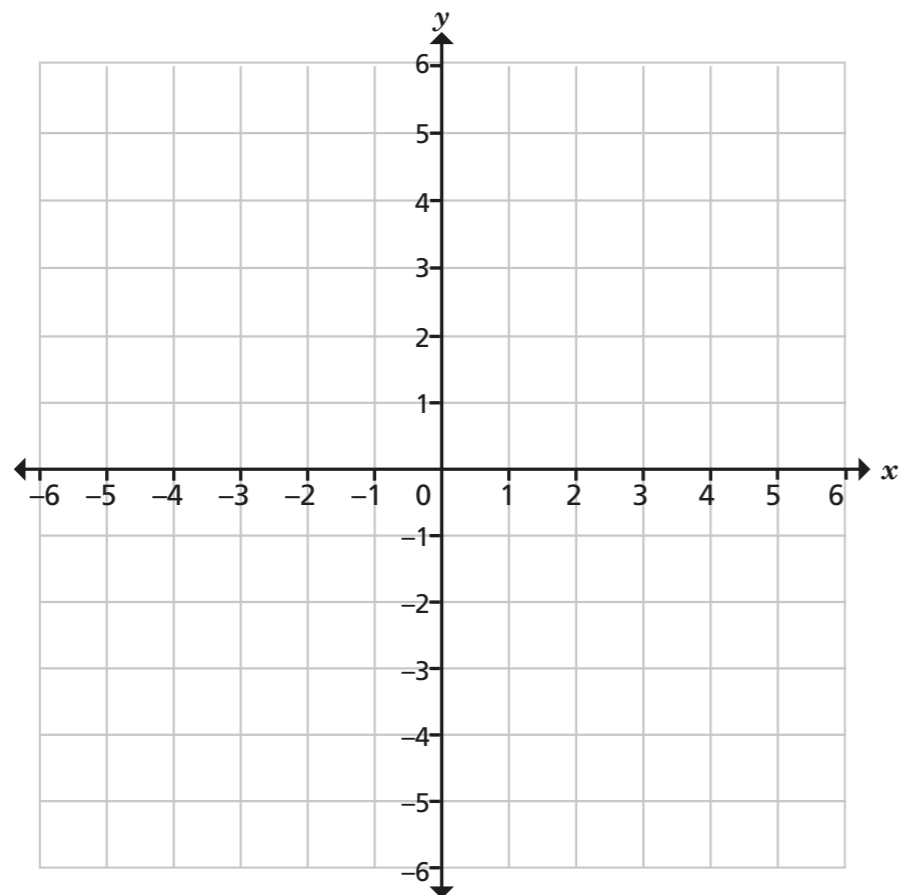


5 Here is the table for values of $y = -x$.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	3		1	0	-1		

a) Complete the table.

b) Plot the graph of $y = -x$ on the coordinate grid.



c) Plot the graph of $y = x$ on the same grid.

d) What is the same and what is different about the lines $y = -x$ and $y = x$?

6 Are these statements always true, sometimes true or never true?

Give a reason for your answer.

a) The line $y = x$ is the same as the line $x = y$.



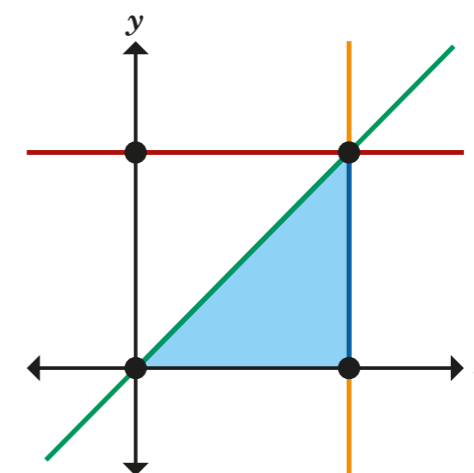
b) The line $y = x$ is at 45° to the x -axis.

c) The line $y = x$ passes through the 4th quadrant.

7 Tick the coordinates that lie on the line $y = x$.

- $(5.6, 5.6)$ $(3a, a + 2a)$
 $(120, 60^2)$ $(0.3, \frac{1}{3})$

8 The lines $y = x$ and $x = a$ enclose a triangle with the x - and y -axes.



Write a formula for the area of the triangle.

